Financial Statements of

CANADIAN GUIDE DOGS FOR THE BLIND

And Independent Auditors' Report thereon Year ended December 31, 2021



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Directors of Canadian Guide Dogs for the Blind

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Canadian Guide Dogs for the Blind (the Organization), which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2021
- · the statement of operations for the year then ended
- the statement of changes in net assets for the year then ended
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as at December 31, 2021 and its results of operations, changes in net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditors' report.

We are independent of the Organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



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In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
 - The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.



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- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Ottawa, Canada

KPMG LLP

June 9, 2022

Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

		2021		2020
Assets				
Command accorded				
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2 162 106	•	4 400 00
Restricted cash (note 2)	Ф	2,162,196	\$	1,463,90 47,779
Amounts receivable		27,826		32,076
Inventory		59,120		57,779
Prepaid expenses and deposits		21,148		-
	w	2,270,290		1,601,538
Endowment assets (note 3)		318,298		314,582
nvestments (note 4)		8,122,459		7,475,334
Tangible capital assets (note 5)		8,974,738		9,219,092
	\$	19,685,785	\$	18,610,546
Liabilities and Net Assets				
Liabilities and Net Assets Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 6)	\$	75,540	\$	138,511
Current liabilities:	\$	5,051	\$	138,511 6,063
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 6)	\$		\$	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 6) Current portion of long-term debt (note 7)	\$	5,051 80,591	\$	6,063 144,574
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 6) Current portion of long-term debt (note 7) Deferred capital contributions	\$	5,051	\$	6,063
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 6) Current portion of long-term debt (note 7) Deferred capital contributions	\$	5,051 80,591	\$	6,063 144,574 652,411
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 6) Current portion of long-term debt (note 7) Deferred capital contributions Long-term debt (note 7) Net assets (note 8):	\$	5,051 80,591 681,748	\$	6,063 144,574 652,411 5,051
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 6) Current portion of long-term debt (note 7) Deferred capital contributions Long-term debt (note 7) Net assets (note 8): Invested in tangible capital assets	\$	5,051 80,591 681,748	\$	6,063 144,574 652,411 5,051 802,036
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 6) Current portion of long-term debt (note 7) Deferred capital contributions Long-term debt (note 7) Net assets (note 8):	\$	5,051 80,591 681,748 - 762,339	\$	6,063 144,574 652,411 5,051 802,036
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 6) Current portion of long-term debt (note 7) Deferred capital contributions Long-term debt (note 7) Net assets (note 8): Invested in tangible capital assets Heather Gillin Endowment Fund (note 11) Adams Endowment Fund	\$	5,051 80,591 681,748 - 762,339	\$	6,063 144,574 652,411 5,051 802,036 8,555,567 131,133
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 6) Current portion of long-term debt (note 7) Deferred capital contributions Long-term debt (note 7) Net assets (note 8): Invested in tangible capital assets Heather Gillin Endowment Fund (note 11)	\$	5,051 80,591 681,748 - 762,339 8,284,974 131,379	\$	6,063 144,574 652,411 5,051 802,036 8,555,567 131,133 126,350
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 6) Current portion of long-term debt (note 7) Deferred capital contributions Long-term debt (note 7) Net assets (note 8): Invested in tangible capital assets Heather Gillin Endowment Fund (note 11) Adams Endowment Fund	\$	5,051 80,591 681,748 - 762,339 8,284,974 131,379 126,350 60,569	\$	6,063 144,574 652,411 5,051 802,036 8,555,567 131,133 126,350 57,099
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 6) Current portion of long-term debt (note 7) Deferred capital contributions Long-term debt (note 7) Net assets (note 8): Invested in tangible capital assets Heather Gillin Endowment Fund (note 11) Adams Endowment Fund Thornton Endowment Fund Unrestricted	\$	5,051 80,591 681,748 - 762,339 8,284,974 131,379 126,350	\$	6,063 144,574 652,411 5,051 802,036
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 6) Current portion of long-term debt (note 7) Deferred capital contributions Long-term debt (note 7) Net assets (note 8): Invested in tangible capital assets Heather Gillin Endowment Fund (note 11) Adams Endowment Fund Thornton Endowment Fund	\$	5,051 80,591 681,748 - 762,339 8,284,974 131,379 126,350 60,569 10,320,174	\$	6,063 144,574 652,411 5,051 802,036 8,555,567 131,133 126,350 57,099 8,938,361

See accompanying notes to financial st	atements.		
On behalf of the Board.		Bell blok	
DI DI	rector	12Mg WAY	Director

Statement of Operations

Year ended December 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

		2021		2020
Revenue:				
Individuals	\$	571,759	\$	362,257
Foundations	Ψ.	135,967	•	96,210
Corporations		52,668		41,888
Government grants		19,793		227,433
Clubs and associations		17,527		3,280
Donations in kind		5,804		13,878
Client donations		4,041		5,213
		807,559		750,159
Fundraising		340,168		296,634
Break open ticket sales - net of expenses (note 12)		105,864		91,953
Sales - net of expenses		28,406		29,108
Amortization of deferred capital contributions		24,845		27,701
Investment income		191,836		190,278
		1,498,678		1,385,833
Expenses:				
Training		951,328		1,072,970
Amortization of tangible capital assets		336,098		235,110
Dogs		234,540		211,892
Administration		193,256		159,919
Property		186,612		168,630
Fundraising		154,048		150,454
Vehicles		57,707		38,380
Clients		25,521		40,051
		2,139,110		2,077,406
Deficiency of revenue over expenses before the undernoted				
items		(640,432)		(691,573)
Other income (expenses):				
Bequests		4,366,452		3,259,041
Unrealized gains (losses) on change in fair value of investments		885,323		(12,605)
Designated gift from CGDB to CGDB				(, = = =)
Foundation (note 13)		(3,500,000)		
		1,751,775		3,246,436
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$	1,111,343	\$	2,554,863

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Net Assets

Year ended December 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	ca	Invested in tangible apital assets	Heather Gillin Endowment Fund	Adams Endowment Fund	Thornton Endowment Fund	Unrestricted	2021	2020
Net assets, beginning of year	\$	8,555,567	\$ 131,133	\$ 126,350	\$ 57,099 \$	8,938,361 \$	17,808,510 \$	15,250,322
Excess of revenue over expenses		(2,965)	-	-	-	1,114,308	1,111,343	2,554,863
Endowment contributions		-	246	-	3,470	(123)	3,593	3,325
Amortization of tangible capital assets		(336,098)	-	-	-	336,098	-	-
Tangible capital asset additions		91,744	-	-	-	(91,744)	-	-
Repayment of long-term debt		6,063	-	-	-	(6,063)	-	-
Deferred capital contributions received		(54,182)	-	-	-	54,182	-	-
Amortization of deferred capital contributions		24,845	-	-	-	(24,845)	-	-
Net assets, end of year	\$	8,284,974	\$ 131,379	126,350	\$ 60,569	5 10,320,174 \$	18,923,446 \$	17,808,510

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	2021	2020		
Cash provided by (used in):				
Operations:				
Excess of revenue over expenses Items not involving cash:	\$ 1,111,343	\$ 2,554,863		
Amortization of tangible capital assets	336,098	235,110		
Amortization of deferred capital contributions Unrealized (gains) losses on change in fair value of	24,845	(27,701)		
investments	(885,323)	12,605		
Donation matching for Heather Gillin Endowment	(123)	-		
Changes in non-cash operating working capital (note 10)	(81,210)	(564,706)		
	505,630	2,210,171		
Financing:				
Repayment of long-term debt	(6,063)	(6,063)		
Investing:				
Increase in endowment assets	(3,716)	(3,325)		
Decrease (increase) in investments	238,198	(2,372,898)		
Purchase of tangible capital assets	(91,744)	(132,481)		
Deferred capital contributions received	4,492	47,908		
Endowment contributions received	3,716	3,325		
	150,946	(2,457,471)		
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	650,513	(253,363)		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	1,511,683	1,765,046		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 2,162,196	\$ 1,511,683		
Cash consists of:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,162,196	\$ 1,463,904		
Restricted cash	-	47,779		
	\$ 2,162,196	\$ 1,511,683		
		·		

Cash and cash equivalents excludes restricted cash included in endowment assets.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2021

Canadian Guide Dogs for the Blind (the "Organization") was incorporated under Part II of the Canada Corporations Act on January 12, 1984 and is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act (Canada). Effective May 5, 2014, the Organization continued its Articles under the Canada Not-for-profit Corporations Act.

The Organization's objectives are to provide trained and educated dogs to act as efficient and safe guides for blind and other disabled persons and to train and educate blind and other disabled persons in the proper and safe use of guide dogs and to provide such additional services and facilities for the relief of blind and other disabled persons as shall from time to time be deemed necessary.

1. Significant accounting policies:

These financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations and include the following significant accounting policies:

(a) Revenue recognition:

The Organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions for not-for-profit organizations.

Contributions and donations without restrictions are recognized as revenue in the year in which they are received.

Contributions and donations received for specific purposes are deferred and recognized as revenue in the year in which the specific purpose occurs.

Revenue from fundraising is recorded when received.

Investment income includes interest from cash and fixed income investments, dividends, and realized changes in the fair value of investments. Interest from cash and fixed income investments are recognized in revenue as earned.

(b) Fund accounting:

The Unrestricted Fund reports the revenue, expenses, assets, liabilities and fund balances of the Organization's general operations and services to users.

The Invested in Tangible Capital Assets Fund is the Organization's investment in capital assets.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(b) Fund accounting (continued):

Endowment Asset Funds are restricted for the purpose of the endowment fund to which they relate. Net assets restricted for endowment purposes are subject to externally imposed restrictions stipulating that the resources must be maintained permanently or for a prescribed period of time. Investment income on these amounts is unrestricted.

(c) Inventory:

Inventory is carried at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis.

(d) Endowment assets:

Cash and investments are restricted for the purpose of the endowment fund to which they relate. Restricted investments are recorded at fair value. Fair value is determined at quoted market prices. Sales and purchases of investments are recorded at the settlement date. Transaction costs related to the acquisition of restricted investments are expensed.

(e) Tangible capital assets:

Purchased tangible capital assets are recorded at cost. Contributed tangible capital assets are recorded at fair value at the date of contribution. Assets acquired under capital leases are amortized over the estimated life of the assets or over the lease term, as appropriate. Repairs and maintenance costs are charged to expense. Betterments which extend the estimated life of an asset are capitalized. When a tangible capital asset no longer contributes to the Organization's ability to provide services, its carrying amount is written down to its residual value.

Asset	Rate
Training centre and kennels Site development Furniture and equipment Vehicles Collecting boxes	40 years 20 years 5-10 years 4 years 4 years

(f) Deferred capital contributions:

Contributions restricted for the purchase of tangible capital assets are deferred and amortized into revenue on a straight-line basis, at a rate corresponding with the amortization rate for the related tangible capital assets.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(g) Expenses:

In the statement of operations, the Organization presents its salary expenses by function.

Expenses are recognized in the year incurred and are recorded in the function to which they are directly related.

The Organization does not allocate expenses between functions after initial recognition.

(h) Donated tangible capital assets, materials and services:

The operation of the Organization is dependent on donations of tangible capital assets, materials and services provided without charge by volunteers.

Donated tangible capital assets are recorded at fair value when received.

Donated materials that are receipted are recorded at fair value when received. Unreceipted material donations are not recorded as the fair value is not determinable.

The fair value of services is not determinable and therefore is not recorded in these financial statements.

(i) Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value on initial recognition. Equity instruments that are quoted in an active market are subsequently measured at fair value. All other financial instruments are subsequently recorded at cost or amortized cost, unless management has elected to carry the instruments at fair value. The Organization has elected to carry all financial instruments at fair value.

Transaction costs incurred on the acquisition of financial instruments measured subsequently at fair value are expensed as incurred.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(i) Financial instruments (continued):

Financial assets are assessed for impairment on an annual basis at the end of the fiscal year if there are indicators of impairment. If there is an indicator of impairment, the Organization determines if there is a significant adverse change in the expected amount or timing of future cash flows from the financial asset. If there is a significant adverse change in the expected cash flows, the carrying value of the financial asset is reduced to the highest of the present value of the expected cash flows, the amount that could be realized from selling the financial asset or the amount the Organization expects to realize by exercising its right to any collateral. If events and circumstances reverse in a future period, an impairment loss will be reversed to the extent of the improvement, not exceeding the initial carrying value.

(j) Use of estimates:

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from those estimates. These estimates are reviewed annually and as adjustments become necessary, they are recognized in the financial statements in the period they become known.

2. Restricted cash:

Restricted cash is a short-term guaranteed investment certificate of \$Nil (2020 - \$47,779) held as collateral for the building permit issued by the City of Ottawa for the construction of the new training centre. In fiscal 2020 the building was finished and there was no longer a need for the collateral to be held.

3. Endowment assets:

	2021 Cost	2021 Fair Value	2020 Cost	2020 Fair Value
Mutual funds Fixed income investments Common shares	\$ 2,524 \$ 210,494 93,933	2,524 \$ 210,852 104,922	6,868 \$ 176,581 131,133	6,868 176,581 131,133
	\$ 306,951 \$	318,298 \$	314,582 \$	314,582

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

4. Investments:

	2021 Cost	2021 Fair Value	2020 Cost	2020 Fair Value
Mutual funds Fixed income Common shares Preferred shares Foreign securities	\$ 3,292,267 \$ 150,000 1,642,152 1,778,265 148,873	3,292,267 \$ 155,490 2,717,733 1,671,050 285,919	3,784,599 \$ - 1,485,178 1,830,085 148,873	3,784,559 189,924 1,904,098 1,363,764 232,989
	\$ 7,011,557 \$	8,122,459 \$	7,248,735 \$	7,475,334

5. Tangible capital assets:

			2021	2020
		Accumulated	Net book	Net book
	Cost	amortization	value	value
Land	\$ 277,460	\$ -	\$ 277,460 \$	277,460
Training centre and kennels	1,969,781	1,012,686	957,095	986,279
Site development	520,015	386,080	133,935	151,340
Furniture and equipment	478,079	411,977	66,102	60,431
Vehicles	555,713	492,447	63,266	72,497
Collecting boxes	222,102	222,102	-	-
Training centre and kennels	7,768,187	291,307	7,476,880	7,671,085
	\$ 11,791,337	\$ 2,816,599	\$ 8,974,738 \$	9,219,092

Cost and accumulated amortization of capital assets at December 31, 2020 amounted to \$11,699,593 and \$2,480,501, respectively.

6. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities:

There are no amounts payable included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities for government remittances such as HST and payroll-related taxes as at December 31, 2021 and 2020.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

7. Long-term debt:

The Organization has entered into long-term debt agreements as follows:

	2021	2020
Ford Credit Canada, 0% due November 7, 2022, monthly payments of \$505	\$ 5,051	\$ 11,114
Less current portion long-term debt	5,051	6,063
	\$ -	\$ 5,051

8. Capital management:

The Organization considers its capital to consist of its net assets including invested in tangible capital assets, endowment funds and unrestricted net assets.

The objective of the Organization with respect to long-term debt is to fund the acquisition of tangible capital assets as required for operational purposes.

The objective of the Organization with respect to invested in tangible capital assets is to fund the Organization's tangible capital assets.

The objective of the Organization with respect to endowments is to maintain the capital as required by the donors and generate investment revenue to fund the operations of the Organization.

The objective of the Organization with respect to unrestricted net assets is to provide funds for future tangible capital acquisitions and ongoing operations.

The Organization is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements and its overall strategy with respect to capital remains unchanged from the year ended December 31, 2020.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

9. Deferred gifts:

Life insurance:

The Organization has been designated as the irrevocable beneficiary of life insurance policies. As at December 31, 2021, the estimated amount of insurance in force for which the Organization has been designated as beneficiary totals \$100,000 (2020 - \$100,000). Premiums paid during the year by the insured are \$964 (2020 - \$964), which are receipted by the Organization for income tax purposes. These amounts are not recorded in these financial statements.

10. Changes in non-cash operating working capital:

	2021	2020
Amounts receivable Inventory Prepaid expenses and deposits Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 4,250 (1,341) (21,148) (62,971)	\$ 129,490 (3,183) 9,786 (700,799)
	\$ (81,210)	\$ (564,706)

11. Heather Gillin endowment fund:

The Board of Directors' policy is to match donations made to the Heather Gillin Endowment Fund. During the year, \$123 (2020 - \$Nil) was transferred from unrestricted net assets to the Heather Gillin Endowment Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

12. Administration of break-open tickets:

Total revenue and expenses for the year with respect to the sale of break-open tickets under provincial license in Ontario, as required by provincial authorities, is as follows:

		2020		
Revenue	\$	217,249	\$	193,153
Less: promotion fees - retailer	•	(45,876)	•	(35,665)
Net revenue		171,373		157,488
Expenses:				
Cost of tickets sold		26,492		25,326
Promotion fees - agent		24,022		23,308
Licence fees		13,345		10,862
Miscellaneous		1,650		1,402
		65,509		60,898
Net proceeds from provincial break-open tickets	\$	105,864	\$	96,590

13. Related party transactions:

The Organization has significant influence over the Canadian Guide Dogs for the Blind Foundation (the "Foundation") through common Board members. The Foundation was incorporated on November 20, 2000 under Part II of the Canada Corporations Act and is a registered charity. Effective September 25, 2014, the Foundation transitioned its Articles of Incorporation to the Canada Not-for-profit Corporations Act.

The Foundation's objective is to accept and hold invested donations, gifts, legacies and bequests and to disburse from the income derived thereof and the capital thereof to the Organization not less than the minimum amount required by law.

During the year, the Organization provided the Foundation with office space and administrative services without charge and received \$Nil (2020 - \$10,000) in contributions from the Foundation.

During the year, the Organization received a testamentary bequest of \$3,500,000 and fully transferred these funds to the Foundation.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

14. Financial risks and concentration of risk:

The Organization is subject to the following financial risks due to its financial instruments.

(a) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Organization will be unable to fulfill its obligations on a timely basis or at a reasonable cost. The Organization manages its liquidity risk by monitoring its operating requirements. The Organization prepares budget and cash forecasts to ensure it has sufficient funds to fulfill its obligations.

(b) Credit risk:

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty may default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss. The Organization is exposed to credit risk with respect to the accounts receivable. The Organization assesses, on a continuous basis, accounts receivable and provides for any amounts that are not collectible in the allowance for doubtful accounts. At year-end, there were no amounts allowed for in accounts receivable.

(c) Market risk:

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk; currency risk, interest rate risk, and other price risk.

(i) Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Organization is subject to interest rate risk on its investments and long-term debt as disclosed in notes 4 and 7.

(ii) Foreign currency risk:

Foreign currency risk refers to the extent to which instruments denominated in a currency other than Canadian dollars will be affected by changes in the value of the Canadian dollar in relation to other currencies. The Organization's foreign currency risk is limited to its holdings of US denominated cash.